#### St. Michael's

Inspired Care. Inspiring Science.



## Building a Framework for Health Provider Action on Poverty and other SDOH:

From individual action to population advocacy

Pathways to Health Equity Conference, Winnipeg May 31, 2016



#### **Gary Bloch MD CCFP FCFP**

Family Physician, St. Michael's Hospital Assistant Professor, University of Toronto



### DISCLOSURE

Relevant relationships with commercial entities

None

Potential for conflicts of interest within this presentation

None

Steps taken to review and mitigate potential bias

-N/A



### **OBJECTIVES**

 Discuss the evolution of a multi-layered framework for primary care action on poverty and other SDOH

Explore practical ways primary care providers and their teams can intervene into poverty and other SDOH



## WHY DOCTORS SHOULDN'T TACKLE SDOH









### WHY DOCTORS SHOULD PLAY A ROLE







## AND ... OUR MANDATE IS HEALTH







## Advice to her daughter on entering Medical School:

"Remember what really makes people sick and what makes them well. ... you already know that the social determinants of health actually set the stage for all those biomedical actors.

Do your part to influence those social determinants. Speak up when you see the impact of poverty, unemployment, violence, and more"

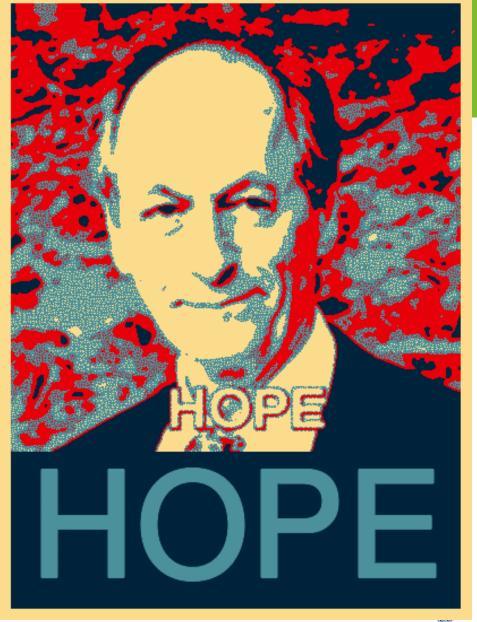








Family & Community Medicine UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO



## **BUT HOW TO ACT?**



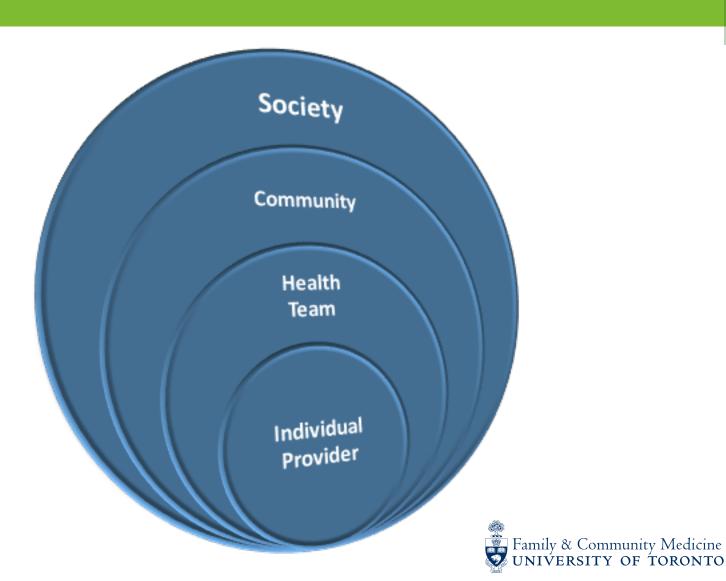






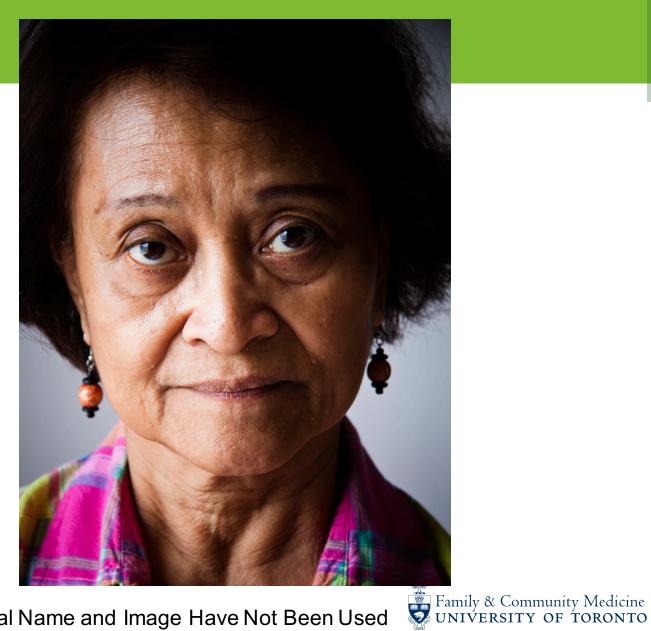


## A FRAMEWORK FOR SDOH ACTION



## THE EVOLUTION OF A FRAMEWORK





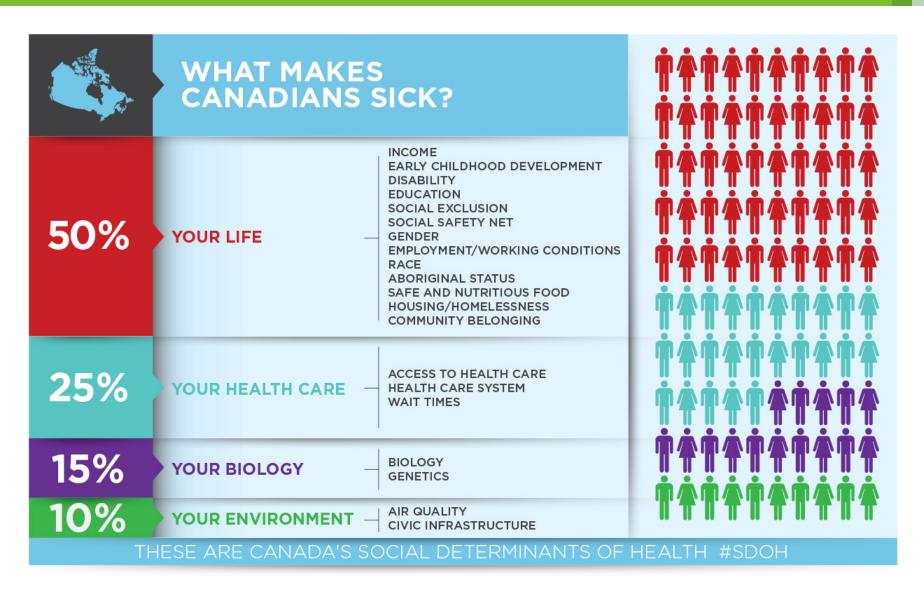
Real Name and Image Have Not Been Used

## The Evidence: Poverty and Health

Poverty increases the prevalence and mortality of many diseases

- Cardiovascular disease
- Diabetes
- Cancer
- Depression
- Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
- Children in low-income families are at higher risk of low birth weight, mental health problems, micronutrient deficiencies, asthma, injuries, and hospitalization













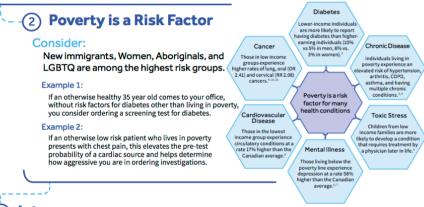
#### Poverty: A Clinical Tool for Primary Care Providers

Poverty is not always apparent: In Ontario 20% of families live in poverty.1

#### (1) Screen Everyone

"Do you ever have difficulty making ends meet at the end of the month?"

(Sensitivity 98%, specificity 64% for living below the poverty line)<sup>2</sup>



#### 3 Intervene

#### Ask Everyone: "Have you filled out and sent in your tax forms?"

- Ask questions to find out more about your patient, their employment, living situation, social supports and the benefits they
  receive. Tax returns are required to access many income security benefits: e.g. GST / HST credits, Child Benefits, working
  income tax benefits, and property tax credits. Connect your patients to Free Community Tax Clinics.
- · Even people without official residency status can file returns.
- Drug Coverage: up to date tax filing required to access Trillium plan for those without Ontario Drug Benefits.
   Visit drugcoverage.ca for more options.



### www.effectivepractice.org/poverty



### STEP 1: ASK, OR SCREEN EVERYONE



ASK: "Do you ever have difficulty making ends meet at the end of the month?"

Sensitivity: 98% Specificity: 40% (for those living below the poverty line)

Vanessa Brcic et. al., "Development of a Tool to Identify Poverty in a Family Practice Setting: A Pilot Study," International Journal of Family Medicine. Volume 2011 (2011).

### STEP 2: ASSESS RISK AND EDUCATE



If a patient smokes, does this change your screening and diagnostic decision making?

Should poverty similarly affect decision making?



#### Diabetes

Lower-income individuals are more likely to report having diabetes than higherearning individuals (10% vs 5% in men, 8% vs. 3% in women).3

#### Chronic Disease

Individuals living in poverty experience an elevated risk of hypertension, arthritis, COPD, asthma, and having multiple chronic conditions.<sup>3,4</sup>

#### Cancer

Those in low income groups experience higher rates of lung, oral (OR 2.41) and cervical (RR 2.08) cancers.<sup>9, 10, 11</sup>

Poverty is a risk factor for many health conditions

#### **Toxic Stress**

Children from low income families are more likely to develop a condition that requires treatment by a physician later in life.5

#### Cardiovascular Disease

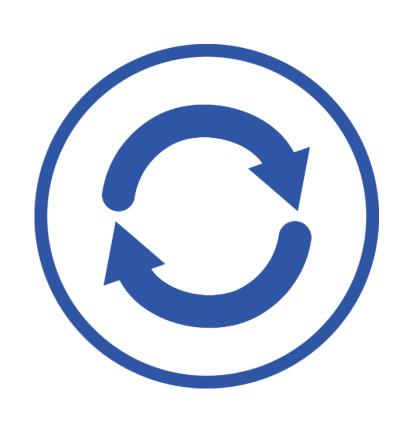
Those in the lowest income group experience circulatory conditions at a rate 17% higher than the Canadian average.8

#### Mental Illness

Those living below the poverty line experience depression at a rate 58% higher than the Canadian average.<sup>6,7</sup>



## STEP 3: INTERVENE AND CONNECT

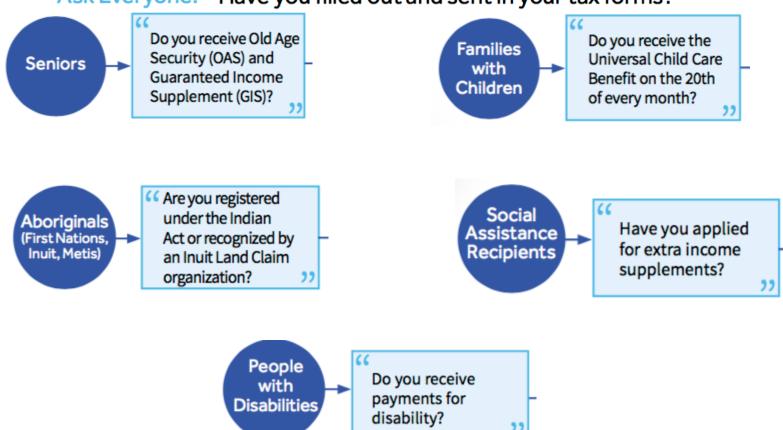


## With Individual Patients



#### (3) Intervene

Ask Everyone: "Have you filled out and sent in your tax forms?"





## Filling Out A Tax Return... Simple Intervention, Big Impact

Example: Single mother, two young children, annual income \$14 000, monthly rent \$800	
Canadian Child Tax Benefit	\$ 9,470
Basic Amount + National Child Benefit Supplement + Ontario Child Benefit	
Harmonized Sales Tax Credit	\$ 808
Working Income Tax Benefit	\$ 1,813
Ontario Trillium Benefit	\$ 1,305
Ontario Sales Tax Credit + Ontario Energy and Property Tax Credit	
Ontario Children's Activity Tax Credit	\$ 107
Total 2013 Tax Credits	\$13,503

Ontario Refundable Tax Credit Calculator: http://www.fin.gov.on.ca/en/taxcredits/@alculatorQuestions.asp CRA Child and Family Benefits Calculator: http://www.cra-arc.gc.ca/bnfts/celt/?we/fil/eng/.html/TORONTO

## CONNECT TO RESOURCES

#### **Key Resources**

#### **Canada Benefits**

(www.canadabenefits.gc.ca)

Provides a full listing of federal and provincial income and other supports, organized by personal status (e.g. "parent," "Aboriginals") or life situation (e.g. "unemployment," "health concerns"), with links to the relevant program websites and to application forms.

#### 2-1-1

(www.211ontario.ca)

Call 2-1-1 or browse the website to find community support and advocacy organizations, based on topic and location.

#### Your Legal Rights (www.yourlegalrights.on.ca)

Well-organized easy-to-find legal information. If your patients are denied any of the above benefits, consider referral to nearest legal clinic - acceptance rates on appeal can be high.



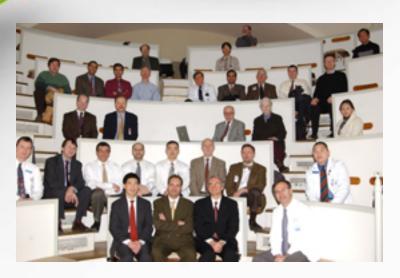
## HOW WE USED THE POVERTY TOOL TO MOVE FORWARD







## **TED**\*Stouffville



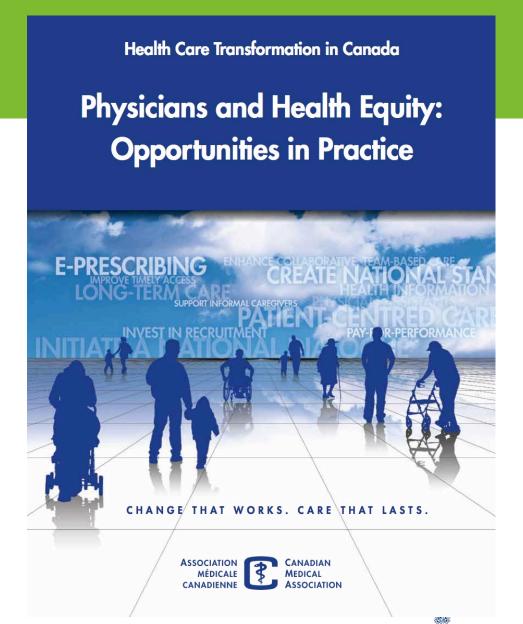












THE COLLEGE OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS OF CANADA

LE COLLÈGE DES MÉDECINS DE FAMILLE DU CANADA



#### **BEST ADVICE**

### Social Determinants of Health

**MARCH 2015** 



## **POVERTY:**

Poverty must be addressed like

other major health risks.

The evidence shows poverty to

be a health risk equal to

hypertension, high cholesterol

and smoking. We devote

significant energy and

resources to treating these

health issues. Should we treat

poverty like any equivalent

health condition?

A clinical tool for primary care in Manitoba

"There is strong and growing evidence that higher social and economic status is associated with better health. In fact, these two factors seem to be the most important determinants of health."

- Public Health Agency of Canada

Poverty accounts for 24% of person years of life lost in Canada by those aged 0-74 (second only to 30% for neoplasms).

HE MANUTARIA TARREST AND AND RECEIVED

ITME A FA

IT'S A FACT:
BETTER INCOME
CAN LEAD TO
BETTER HEALTH

OR MANITOBA HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS:
A TOOL TO ADDRESS POVERTY





#### **Poverty Interventions for Child Health**

#### **Child Poverty**

A practical tool for primary care

#### What can we do as primary care providers to address this risk factor and reduce inequalities?

Poverty must be addressed like other major health risks. The evidence shows that socio-economic status and child health are strongly linked.

Children living in poverty are more likely to experience tow birth weight, learning difficulties, mental health problems, iron deficiency anemia, burns and injuries, obesity and hospitalization than their richer peers. Teen girls in the lowest income quintile are 4 (rural) to 10 (urban) times as likely to become pregnant, and 6 (rural) to 19 (urban) times as likely to give birth as teen girls in the highest income group.



"There is strong and growing evidence that higher social and economic status is associated with better health. In fact, these two factors seem to be the most important determinants of health"

-Public Health Agency of Canada

#### ASK (once a relationship exists with a family):

- 1. Do you have trouble making ends meet?
- 2. Do you have trouble feeding your family?
- 3. Do you have trouble paying for medications?
- 4. Do you receive the child tax benefit?
- 5. Do you have legal or immigration challenges?
- 6. How is your housing?





See back for resources







## THE TOOL AS STEPPING STONE

Legitimacy

Support

Opportunities for More Action



# TEAM & COMMUNITY INTERVENTIONS; BUILDING AN EVIDENCE BASE



## THE ROLE OF OTHER INTERVENTIONS & RESEARCH

Multi-Level Interventions

Evaluate, Refine & Justify
Through
Research

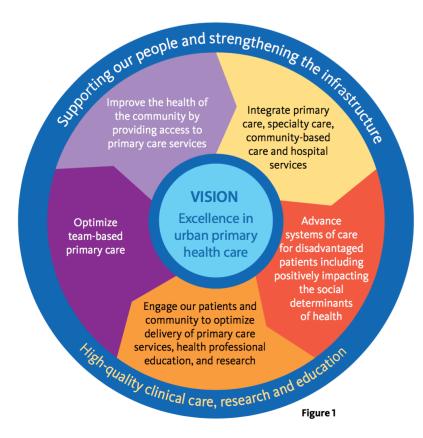
Embed in Mainstream Care



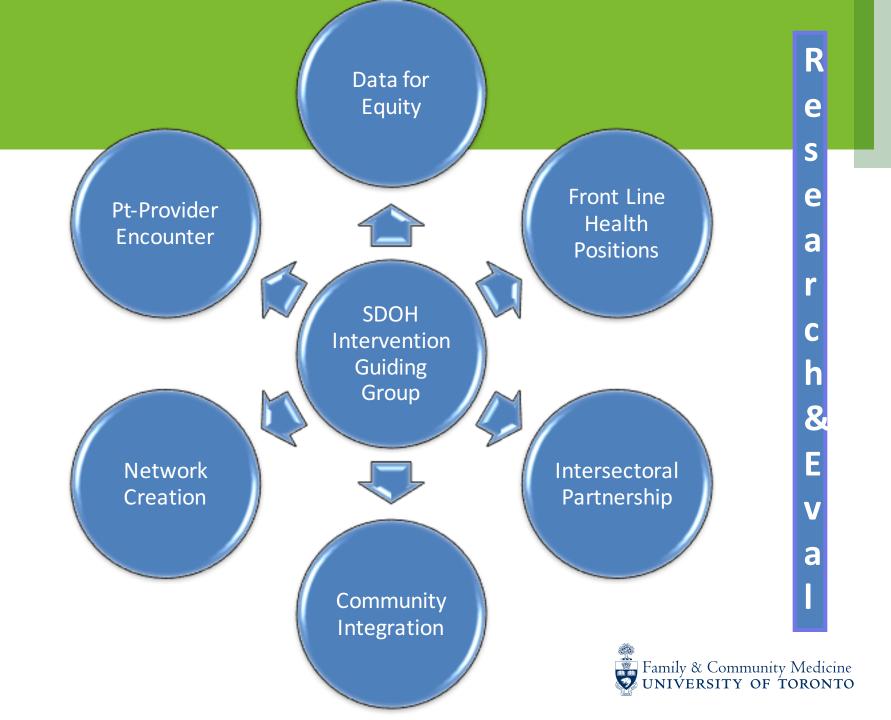
### St. Michael's

Inspired Care. Inspiring Science.

## Academic Family Health Team







# SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHIC DATA COLLECTION



## We ask because we care

The Tri-Hospital + TPH Health Equity Data Collection Research Project Report



TORONTO Public Health

St. Michael's Inspired Care. Inspiring Science. camh



Language
Immigration
Race/ethnicity
Disabilities
Gender identity
Sexual
orientation
Income
Housing



Front Line Health Positions

## **Income Security Health Promoter**

- Individual Income Interventions
- Health Team Capacity
- Patient Education
- Systemic Advocacy





## **Reach Out & Read**

- 7 Books over 5 years
- Evidence based: highest impact on most vulnerable
- Provincial spread



# ONLINE INCOME SECURITY TOOL

Pt-Provider Encounter





Home

**About** 

### **Benefits Screening Tool**

Supporting primary health-care providers in improving the health and income security of patients living in poverty



The Benefits Screening Tool can help you as a health-care provider in recommending income assistance benefits to your patients living on a low income. By asking a series of questions, the tool will generate a list of benefits and resources that your patient might be eligible for but may not yet be receiving including more information about how they can qualify and apply.







## **Health Justice Project**

- Individual legal services
- Health provider training
- Patient Rights education
- Systemic advocacy



Network Creation

## **Decent Work and Health Network**

Advocacy network

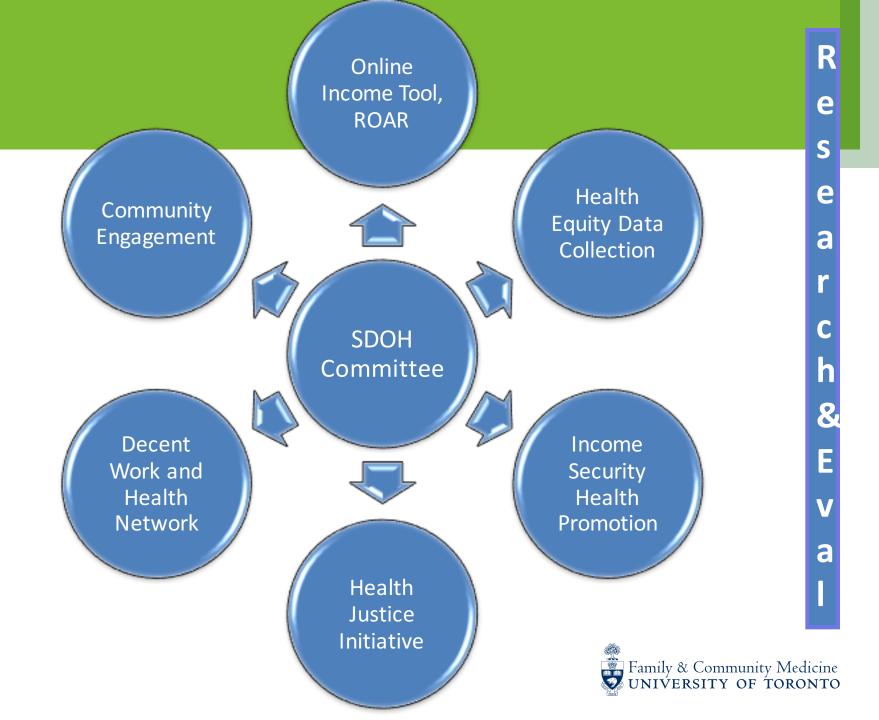
Individual Intervention





- Bringing in the Community Voice
- Bringing out the Health Team Voice
- Advocacy





## SDOH COMMITTEE

The St. Michael's Hospital Academic Family Health Team Committee on the Social Determinants of Health will oversee the development, implementation and evaluation of interventions aimed at directly reducing the negative impact of social determinants on the health of our patients.



## BUILDING AN EVIDENCE BASE: RESEARCH FUNDING

- CIHR
- PSI Foundation
- Atkinson Foundation
- Legal Aid Ontario
- St. Michael's Hospital Foundation
- Intuit Canada
- Research Manitoba
- TD Financial Literacy Grant
- AFP Innovation Fund







Michelle Moldofsky, general counsel for St. Michael's, and Dr. Nav Persaud, a family physician, agree that sometimes social interventions are needed to help resolve health problems. (Photo by Yuri Markarov)

## ) thestar.com (INSIGHT

News / Insight

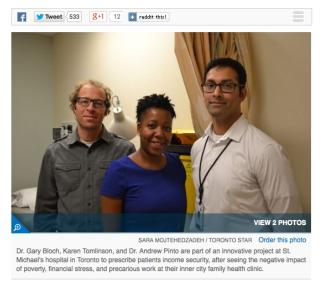
### St. Michael's Hospital health team offers prescription for poverty

Recognizing that poverty increases the risk of illness, a pioneering program at St. Mike's is offering its patients access to social workers, legal aid — and, most important, money.



## Doctors at St. Mike's launch project to address by Yuri Markarov) root causes of poor health

Do health and wealth go together? Doctors at St Michael's hospital think so and have launched an innovative project to address the root causes of poor health





St. Michael's Hospital launches "Reach Out and Read"

# SYSTEMIC AND POLICY ACTION



## THE PATH TO SYSTEMS CHANGE?

Embed Action in Mainstream Care

Encourage Systemic-Level Advocacy Large-Scale
Engagement in
Systemic
Change

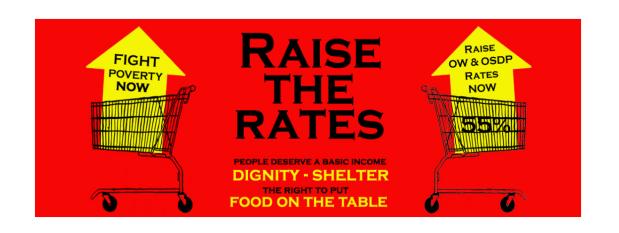








Doctors to Governments: Tax us. Canada is worth it!





# PROMDERS AGAINSI







## GARY BLOCH As a doctor, I know too well why the minimum wage needs to rise

## GARY BLOCH Special to The Globe and Mail Published Monday, Jan. 27, 2014 8:24AM EST Last updated Monday, Jan. 27, 2014 8:28AM EST



### Improving legislation that governs employment and working conditions in Ontario can positively impact important social determinants of health

Submission to the Changing Workplaces Review

Submitted: September 18, 2015

#### Authors:

### Andrew D. Pinto, MD CCFP FRCPC MSc

Physician, Department of Family and Community Medicine, St. Michael's Hospital; Scientist, Centre for Research on Inner City Health, Li Ka Shing Knowledge Institute, St. Michael's Hospital; Assistant Professor, Department of Family and Community Medicine, Faculty of Medicine and Dalla Lana School of Public Health, University of Toronto; Chair, Health Providers Against Poverty; Lead, EMployment and Better Employment through Relationships (EMBER) Project

#### Gary Bloch, MD CCFP

Physician, Department of Family and Community Medicine, St. Michael's Hospital; Assistant Professor, Department of Family and Community Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto; Member, Health Providers Against Poverty; Co-Chair, Poverty and Health Committee, Ontario College of Family Physicians

#### Danyaal Raza, MD CCFP MPH

Physician, Department of Family and Community Medicine, St. Michael's Hospital; Lecturer, Department of Family and Community Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto; Member, Poverty and Health Committee, Ontario College of Family Physicians

### Tim O'Shea, MD FRCPC MPH

Associate Professor Department of Medicine, Division of Infectious Diseases McMaster University; Associate Medical Director Hamilton Shelter Health Network













## THE EVOLUTION RECAPPED



Legitimacy

Support

Opportunities for More Action

**Multi-Level Interventions** 

Evaluate, Refine & Justify Through Research

**Embed in Mainstream Care** 

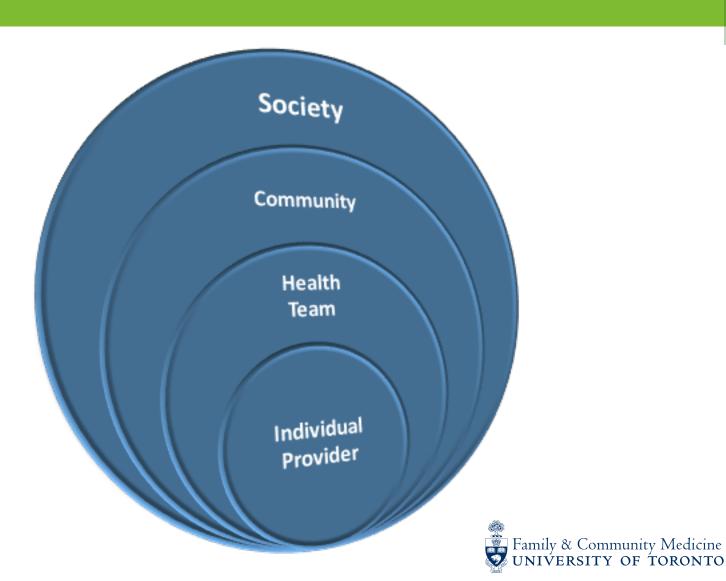
Embed Action in Mainstream Care

Encourage Systemic-Level Advocacy

Large-Scale Engagement in Systemic Change



## A FRAMEWORK FOR SDOH ACTION



### Conceptual framework for action on SDOH by primary care

community engageme

and

Patient

(Building on DeVoe J et al. Ann Fam Med 2016; 14: 104-108)

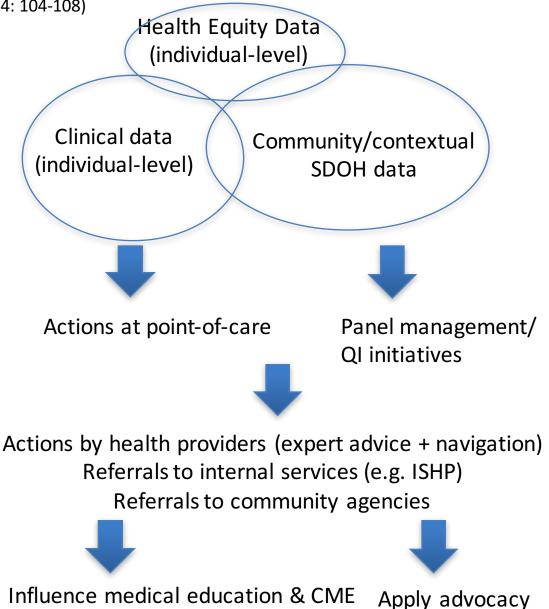
1. Collect and triangulate data

2. Present and integrate data into workflows

3. Data triggers automated support and action

4. Health system change

5. Policy change



framework focused

on policy change

Novel intervention development

Relationship building

## A FRAMEWORK FOR SDOH ACTION

